

# International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture

## Fifth Session of the Governing Body

Muscat, Oman, 24/09/2013 - 28/09/2013

### GOVERNMENTS RENEW COMMITMENT TO IMPLEMENT FARMERS' RIGHTS!

Last week, the Governing Body of the International Seed Treaty (IT PGRFA) met for the fifth time (GB5) in the exclusive, chilled environment of the Al Bustan Palace Hotel, Muscat in the Sultanate of Oman. The results were promising – Civil Society and Farmers' Organisations helped stimulate commitment to essential changes in how the Treaty operates.

This isolated location, far from forgotten farmers' fields that grow the biodiverse crops which feed the world, could have derailed the Treaty in, what Secretary Shakeel Bhatti described as, the make or break session of the Governing Body.

In the event, the degree of unanimity of the African, Asian and Latin American blocs, with significant support from some European countries, and with united advocacy from farmers' organisations and CSOs present, all contributed to better outcomes than some had predicted.

These outcomes included:

- a good resolution on Farmers' Rights (FRs), which renewed the commitment of governments to implement Farmers' Rights
- a coded call to UPOV and WIPO to report on their impacts on Farmers' Rights
- warm acceptance of the offer by Farmers' Organisations to produce a report for GB6 on the state of implementation of Farmers' Rights
- actions designed to improve the sustainable use of Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture, linked to commitments to realise Farmers' Rights
- commitments to review and change the multi-lateral Access and Benefit Sharing mechanism (MLS), to prevent pillaging of the System by patents on native traits, for example
- significant new voluntary financial contributions from Norway for the Global Crop Diversity Trust and for the benefit sharing fund to support on-farm conservation
- acceptance of the distinction between NGOs and Farmers' Organisations and the need to include us, especially representatives of farmers' social movements, in negotiations
- a request to the Secretary to report on relevant discussions that relate to Farmers' Rights within other UN fora including the Committee on World Food Security .

African, Asian and Latin American regions were the most united on Farmers' Rights that they have been since 1998/9 at the height of the negotiations on the Farmers' Rights article (Article 9). This solidarity forced through a good resolution on Farmers' Rights which commits governments, with the engagement of farmers' organisations and CSOs, to: develop national action plans, review and adjust laws that will allow farmers to save, use, exchange and sell their seeds; and improve access to genetic resources. Funding for some of the inter-sessional activities is committed through the core budget of the Treaty, drawing from that assigned to implement work on the Sustainable Use of plant



Maedeh Salimi and Ali Razmkhah, CENESTA, waiting to present the statement by CSOs and Farmers' Organisations, present at GB5, to the final plenary.

ENB summarised our statement as follows: *"Iranian NGO CENESTA called for: effective governance to enable farmers to continue to develop and use crops at times of increasing social, political, economic and environmental threats; enhanced inclusion of biodiversity-conserving farmers' movements in the Treaty process; and prioritization of support to smallholder farmers under the Benefit-sharing Fund. She also welcomed the process to enhance the MLS, cautioning that otherwise the Treaty would become irrelevant."*

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genetic resources for food and agriculture (Article 6) – an inter-related requirement for realising Farmers' Rights.

### CSO activity

CSOs and Via Campesina were very active throughout the meeting and influenced outcomes. Some were included in national delegations. Our views were summarised in our closing Statement. Key demands included:

Our Treaty should be at the heart of securing future food and agriculture through establishing effective governance of PGRFA that will enable farmers to continue to conserve, develop and sustainably use a wide range of crop biodiversity on-farm, at a time of increasing social, economic, environmental and political threats. The Treaty will be judged on whether it can stop the losses and improve access to existing PGRFA which has been developed by small-scale farmers *in situ* and on-farm.

The Treaty must change in direction and process if it is to realise its objectives. And to do so it must provide facilitated inclusion of the organisations and social movements of biodiversity-conserving farmers, and support CSOs, in the deliberations and work of the Treaty.

### Farmers' Rights

We appreciate the efforts of Contracting Parties at GB5 to reaffirm, in a new decision, their legally-binding commitment to the realisation of Farmers' Rights and improved access to PGRFA by small-scale farmers, and we commit to providing our analysis of the State of implementation of Farmers' Rights to the next GB. We look forward to participating in your intersessional work on FRs, so long as you can help facilitate this.

The realisation of inalienable Farmers Rights, in the framework of food sovereignty will sustain the diversity of PGRFA on-farm and diversity of food on our tables.

### Multilateral System of Access and Benefit Sharing

We are pleased that the Governing Body has opened a serious process to fix the glaring deficiencies of the Treaty's multilateral system. If there is no fix, the Treaty will become irrelevant. We welcome the understanding that improvements to the multilateral system will be user-based, and insist that all core activities of the new system be built upon *mandatory* contributions.

### Benefit Sharing Fund

In defining the strategic direction of the Benefit Sharing Fund, we reiterate that direct, demonstrable, and measurable benefits for farmers need to be prioritised. We call on country focal points to support, facilitate and endorse applications from farmers' organisations as it remains very difficult for them to apply for the Benefit Sharing Fund. We welcome the voluntary contributions made by Norway, Italy, Spain and the European Union.

### In conclusion

The Treaty has the responsibility to ensure support for small-scale farmers in their task; the Treaty's future depends on this. We urge the GB to assume this responsibility; we look forward to collaborating with the Secretariat and Bureau, inter-sessionally, and to purposeful mutual engagement in the next Governing Body meeting.

CSOs and farmers organisations, will continue, in the face of many challenges, to take our responsibilities: we will resist, we will organise and we will transform the seed and food system so that our Farmers' Rights and food sovereignty are realised.

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## IPC Side Event

**INTERNATIONAL PLANNING COMMITTEE FOR FOOD SOVEREIGNTY**  
COMITÉ INTERNACIONAL DE PLANEACIÓN PARA LA SOBERANÍA ALIMENTARIA  
COMITE INTERNATIONAL DE PLANNIFICATION POUR LA SOUVERAINETE ALIMENTAIRE

### Derechos de los agricultores sobre sus semillas y conocimiento: un reto para la gobernanza mundial para el uso "sostenible" de los RFGAA

TIRFAA Órgano Rector, Mascate, Omán  
**SIDE EVENT**  
Viernes, 27 de septiembre 2013 / 13:30 – 15:00  
Al Maha Room (NGOs) - Lobby  
EN - FR - ES interpretación disponible

El sistema formal de mejoramiento de plantas con semillas procedentes de bancos de germoplasma *ex situ*, no está en condiciones de afrontar los nuevos retos que vienen con el aceleramiento en la transformación de las condiciones de cultivo de los cambios en el clima, la fertilidad del suelo, la disponibilidad de agua y energía y las necesidades humanas, entre otros. La aplicación de semillas de los agricultores y agricultoras y de su conocimiento, es esencial para adaptarse a cada situación y renovar los RFGAA en todos los campos, a través de la conservación y el desarrollo a nivel de la finca *in situ*. Si la conservación *ex situ* quiere mantenerse, debe ahora volver a conectarse con el inmenso trabajo realizado cada año por cientos de millones de agricultores, hombres y mujeres en todos los rincones del mundo.

La participación directa, y el reconocimiento de los derechos del agricultor, a pequeña escala y campesina, de las comunidades locales y de los pueblos indígenas y sus organizaciones, en la gobernanza mundial de los RFGAA es un requisito previo para esta reconexión de la conservación *ex situ* con los métodos de conservación *in situ* y en las explotaciones agrícolas y para mejorar el suministro de alimentos.

Este evento paralelo escuchará las experiencias en diferentes regiones y explorará los caminos posibles para facilitar una mejor participación.

**PROGRAMA**  
13:30 Introducción / Patrick Mulvany, CIP  
**Experiencias Prácticas**  
Fitomejoramiento Evolutivo, Iran - Maedeh Salmi, CENESTA  
Sistemas campesinos de semillas, Brasil - Marciano Toledo da Silva, MPA, La Vía Campesina Brasil  
Derechos a la seguridad de las semillas, Etiopía - Regassa Feyissa EOSA  
**Desafíos de la Gobernanza para el Tratado**  
Participación de las organizaciones campesinas en el Tratado - Guy Kastler - Confederation Paysanne - La Vía Campesina  
**Discusión**  
**Conclusión**

El boletín internacional Nyelóni pretende configurarse como la voz del movimiento internacional por la Soberanía Alimentaria  
<http://www.nyeloni.org>

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The IPC was allocated a Side Event slot on Friday 27 September by the Secretariat.

The title of the event was **Farmers' Rights to their seeds and knowledge: a challenge for global governance of the 'sustainable' use of PGRFA.**

We were fortunate to have excellent speakers from: CENESTA, Iran; MPA, Brazil, EOSA, Ethiopia; and Via Campesina, and to have very good interpretation.

About 50 people attended the event, for all or part of the proceedings, including about a dozen country delegates.

The 'take home' messages from the event were:

- the imperative to have greater inter and intra species diversity within the production system at these times of increasing stress;
- for the Treaty to refocus its efforts on protecting and supporting biodiversity-conserving measures on-farm and regulating against biopiracy, privatisation and corporate control of PGRFA; and
- for the Treaty to open up to the decisive inclusion of representatives of biodiversity-enhancing farmers' organisations in its processes;

The presentations by CENESTA and MPA are available. CSOs were also involved in many other Side Events including one celebrating the 30th anniversary of the Commission on Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (CGRFA), at which Patrick Mulvany presented a CSO perspective on the work of the Commission including its preparation of the State of the World's Biodiversity for Food and Agriculture, an assessment, using the ecosystem approach, of all agricultural biodiversity. Presentation is available with the title: "Agricultural Biodiversity feeds the world when sustained in the framework of Food Sovereignty."

On the next page is the near final text of the Farmers' Rights resolution and attached are our Civil Society statements at the opening and closing sessions, presented by NGOs from Asia, Iran and by Via Campesina

For anyone interested in involvement in the intersessional process up to GB6, please get in touch.

A summary of proceedings at GB5 has been published by ENB [www.iisd.ca/biodiv/itpgrgb5](http://www.iisd.ca/biodiv/itpgrgb5)



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RESOLUTION -28/9-2013

IMPLEMENTATION OF ARTICLE 9, FARMERS' RIGHTS

The Governing Body:

Recalling the recognition in the International Treaty of the enormous contribution that the local and indigenous communities and farmers of all regions of the world have made, and will continue to make, for the conservation, development and use of plant genetic resources as the basis of food and agriculture production throughout the world;

Welcoming the submissions of views and experiences from Contracting Parties and other stakeholders, as compiled in document IT/GB-5/13/Inf.8;

Recognizing also the submissions of views and experiences that have been compiled prior to previous sessions of the Governing Body;

Also recalling resolutions 2/2007, 6/2009 and 6/2011.

1. Requests the Secretary to review the knowledge, views, experiences and best practices that have been submitted since the entering into force of the ITPGRFA and to date, including those submitted by farmers' organizations in order to derive examples in a systematic way as options for national implementation of Article 9 on Farmers' Rights, as appropriate and according to national legislation, to be presented at the next session of the Governing Body;
2. Requests the Secretary to report on relevant discussions that relate to Farmers' Rights within FAO fora including the Committee on Food Security;
3. Requests the Secretary to invite UPOV and WIPO to jointly identify possible areas of interrelations among their respective international instruments;
4. Invites each Contracting Party to engage farmers' organizations and relevant stakeholders in matters related to the conservation and sustainable use of plant genetic resources for food and agriculture, and consider their contributions to awareness raising and capacity building towards this aim;
5. Invites each Contracting Party to consider developing national action plans for the implementation of Article 9 as appropriate and subject to national legislation, in line with the implementation of Articles 5 and 6, in particular the measures in Articles 5.1 (c and d) and 6.2 (c, d, e, f, and g);
6. Invites each Contracting Party that have not already done so, to consider reviewing and, if necessary, adjusting its national measures affecting the realization of Farmers' Rights, as set out in Article 9 in the International Treaty, to protect and promote Farmers' Rights;
7. Invites Contracting Parties to promote access to genetic resources under the Multilateral System by local and indigenous communities and farmers;
8. Invites Contracting Parties and relevant organizations to take initiative to convene regional workshops and other consultations including with farmers' organizations for the exchange of knowledge, views and experiences to promote the realization of Farmers' Rights, as set out in the Treaty, and present results at the next session of the Governing Body; ]
9. Requests the Secretary to facilitate support to such initiatives upon request.
10. Invites Contracting Parties and development cooperation organizations to consider providing financial and technical support for the implementation of Farmers' Rights as set out in Article 9 of the Treaty in developing countries, and to enable farmers and representatives of farmers' organizations to attend meetings under the International Treaty.
11. Appreciates the participation of farmers' organizations in the work of the Governing Body, as appropriate, according to the Rules of Procedure of the Governing Bod and the invites them to continue to actively participate in the sessions of the Governing Body and relevant inter-sessional processes
12. Requests the Secretary to facilitate support to Contracting Parties in building capacity for the implementation of Farmers' Rights as set out in the Treaty upon their request and depending on available resources;
13. Welcomes the offer from a farmers' organization at the Fifth Session of the Governing Body to provide a report on the implementation of Farmers' Rights to the next session of the Governing Body.
14. Requests the Secretary to report at the sixth session of the Governing Body on the implementation of this resolution.